Princeton University COS 217: Introduction to Programming Systems C Function Declarations and Definitions

Function **declaration**

A statement that informs the compiler of the function's signature (i.e., its name, return type, number of parameters, types of parameters) and linkage. A function declaration that is not a definition has no "body" and need not specify parameter names, only types.

Function **definition**

A declaration that causes the compiler to generate executable code. A function definition has a "body" and must specify its parameters' names.

C Code	Decl/Def	Linkage [†]	Comment
int f1 (int);	declaration	External	Common
extern int f2 (int);	declaration	External	
static int f3(int);	declaration	Internal	
int f4 (int i)	definition	External	Common
{ }			
extern int f5 (int i)	definition	External	Rare
{ }			
static int f6 (int i)	definition	Internal	Common
{ }			

Note: It is rare to use the extern keyword with a function definition, because a definition with no storage class specifier behaves identically to a definition with the extern storage class specifier.

^{† £1, £2, £4, £5:} if no prior declaration of this function is visible, this has external linkage; if a prior declaration of this function is visible, this has the same linkage as the prior declaration. £3 must be defined in the same compilation unit (i.e., file) for this declaration to be effective.